

Title : Foundation course in science: an introduction

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CU S100/01

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Seq.	Time	Footage	Sequence List	Sound Cue
1	2'13"		Introduction by M. Pentz. He discusses the <u>inclined plane experiment</u> students have done at home.	
	4'51"		M. Pentz describes Galileo's <u>inclined plane experiment</u> and hypothesis. Pentz takes up ways in which <u>Galileo</u> overcame the problems imposed by the primitive Technology of his day to take his measurements. Shot of painting showing Galileo performing the experiment.	
3	9'43"		Pentz re-works the <u>inclined plane experiment</u> using rubber balls and a wooden board. He takes readings from various distances and writes these on a chart. Pentz squares the average times for each distance with a slide rule. These figures are plotted on a time x distance graph.	
	11'39"		Pentz demonstrates and then describes <u>Galileo's circle/chord theory</u> . The apparatus for the circle/chord experiment consists of a circle with hollow tube chords down which balls are rolled.	
5	15'25"		<u>Rotation experiment</u> performed. Pentz rolls cylinders of various geometry and weight down a ramp. He then rolls train wheels down tracks.	
6			Pentz discusses scientific experimentation and places where experimental research is done. Shots of: Biochemist in his lab. Physical chemist in his lab. Shot of the <u>Optical Room at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich</u> . Is astronomical observation experimentation? What constitutes experimentation? Pentz discusses this.	

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Continuation

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