CU S100/23

Title: Science course unit 23

Tape No. 6LT/70192

Contributors : M.J. Pents (introduction)

Project No. 00520/1123

P.J. Smith R.L. Wilson Date Recorded 8.2.1971

R.L. Wilson F.J. Lowes

Form VTR 538.72 549.127

Producer: Nat Taylor

1st TX: 4.7.1971

Seq.	Time	Footage	Sequence List	Sound Cue
1.	1'09"		Pents introduces the unit on	
			P.J. Smith explains what sort of rocks are suitable for paleomagnetic analysis. He explains and shows how to drill for and orient a rock core sample on location at Ballycastle, Northern Ireland.	Smith, P.J.
	2137"		Smith shows and demonstrates the diamond tipped, water cooled <u>drill</u> .	538.784161 621.952
	5 ' 58''		Smith shows how to orient the rock sample to a fixed set of co-ordinates (vertical and horizontal)	
	7'41"		Smith removes the rock sample from the rock face and prepares it for laboratory inspection.	top of the rock
	•		Smith introduces the sequence on measuring the direction of the magnetic field in a rock sample. He explaines the procedure.	Well, I measured
	9'21"			Wilson, R.L.
2.	14'32"		R.L. Wilson explains the process of measuring direction of magnetic field in rocks. He demonstrates the apparatus a magnetometer, and then measures X, Y, and Z components of magnetization of the rock sample drills in sequence 1 above.	538.79028 , magnetometer
	17'35"		Wilson corrects the readings by eliminating secondary magnetization in the rock sample. He explains how this is done and demonstrates.	

PROGRAMME SEQUENCE LIST

				Continuation
Seq.	Time	Footage	Sequence List	Sound Cue
2.	18:130"		The result of the correction shows the direction of the ancient magnetic field in which the lava, from which the rock sample was taken, cooled.	here in Britain.
			Pentg introduces the discussion on the origin of the earth's magnetic field	Well, now let's take
3.	19!23"		Frank Lowes explains and demonstrates, his mechanical model of the earth's magnetic field which can create a self-exciting magnetic field. A compass attached to the model records the direction and reversals of the field while a magnetometer measures its strength.	538.720184 Lowes, Frank
	22'47"			itself here reverses
4.	23'02"		Credits	